ADDITIONAL RULES FOR TDI TESTING

- Dogs must be tested on a plain buckle collar or harness. Training collars, training harnesses, halties or any other corrective training devices are not permitted during testing or visiting as a TDI registered Therapy Dog.
- or visiting as a TDI registered Therapy Dog.

 2. Dogs must be a minimum of one year-old to be tested.
- Greyhounds are not required to sit for TDI Testing.

Note: Potential applicants are not required to take any therapy dog classes, which are not sanctioned by TDI.

TDI ADDITIONS TO THE AKC'S CGC TEST

TDI registration is a natural extension of the AKC-CGC for dogs who are particularly sensitive and attentive to people. Canine membership includes all breed and mixed-breed dogs. All dogs are tested and evaluated for Therapy Dog work by Certified TDI Evaluators. While many dogs provide love and companionship in the home, not all dogs are qualified or have the temperament suited to be a Therapy Dog.

For more information on the AKC Canine Good Citizen Test contact:

The AKC's Canine Good Citizen Department (919) 816-3637 email: cgc@akc.org

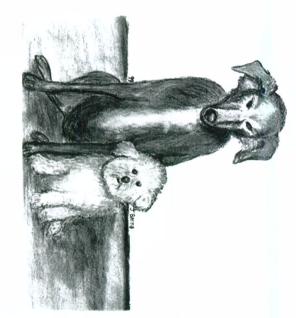
FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT:

Therapy Dogs International, Inc.

88 Bartley Road Flanders, NJ 07836 Tel: (973) 252-9800

Fax: (973) 252-7171

www.tdi-dog.org email: tdi@gti.net



L'ESTING REQUIREMENTS

WHICH INCLUDES SOME STEPS OF THE

AMERICAN KENNEL CLUB'S
CANINE GOOD CITIZEN
TEST®



Therapy Dogs International, Inc. is an organization dedicated to the regulation, testing, selection and registration of qualified dogs and handlers for the purpose of visitations to hospitals, nursing homes and facilities or any place where therapy dogs are needed.

AND THE ADDITIONAL TDI REQUIREMENTS THESE 10 STEPS OF THE AKC/CGC TEST® CONTROL, THE DOG MUST COMPLETE WHICH INCLUDE TEST #11. **DEMONSTRATING CONFIDENCE AND**

(Note: At check-in, before beginning Test I, the owner must present a inoculation certificates and licenses.) current rabies certificate and any other state or locally required

printed in red. TDI additions to the AKC-CGC Test are in italics and

TEST 1: ACCEPTING A FRIENDLY STRANGER

shyness, and must not break position or try to go to the pleasantries. The dog must show no sign of resentment or situation. The Evaluator and handler shake hands and exchange to approach it and speak to the handler in a natural, everyday This test demonstrates that the dog will allow a friendly stranger

would ordinarily he found in a facility) to judge the dog's wheelchair, crutches, cane, walker, or other devices which following tests: 2,3,5 or 9 the Evaluator, this part of the test may be included in any of the reactions to common health care equipment. At the discretion of The dog must be tested around medical equipment (such as a

TEST 2: SITTING POLITELY FOR PETTING

the handler's side as the Evaluator approaches and begins to pet to accept petting. the dog on the head and body only. The dog may stand in place to touch it while it is out with its handler. The dog should sit at This test demonstrates that the dog will allow a friendly stranger The dog must not show shyness or

TEST 3: APPEARANCE AND GROOMING

brushes the dog, and lightly examines the ears and each front responsibility. The Evaluator inspects the dog, then combs or demonstrates the owner's care, concern and sense of groomed and examined and will permit a stranger, such as a veterinarian, groomer or friend of the owner, to do so. It also This practical test demonstrates that the dog will welcome being

(WALKING ON A LOOSE LEASH) TEST 4: OUT FOR A WALK

prefers. There must be a left turn, a right turn and an about turn, dog can be on either side of the handler, whichever the handler need not be perfectly aligned with the handler and need not sit when with at least one stop in between and another at the end. The dog This test demonstrates that the handler is in control of the dog. The the handler stops.

TEST 5: WALKING THROUGH A CROWD

overexuberant, shy or resentful. The handler may talk to the dog and be straining at the leash. encourage or praise the dog throughout the test. The dog should not The dog may show some interest in the strangers, without appearing handler walk around and pass close to several people (at least three) pedestrian traffic and is under control in public places. The dog and This test demonstrates that the dog can move about politely in

TEST 6: SIT AND DOWN ON COMMAND/STAYING IN PLACE

and use more than one command to make the dog sit and then down handler's command to sit and down, and will remain in the place in place, but may change positions. and walks forward the length of a 20-foot line. The dog must remain When instructed by the Evaluator, the handler tells the dog to stay handler prefers). The handler may take a reasonable amount of time commanded by the handler (sit or down position, whichever the This test demonstrates that the dog has training, will respond to the

TEST 7: COMING WHEN CALLED

the dog to come. Handlers may choose to tell the dog to "stay" dog as the Evaluator provides mild distraction (e.g., petting) dog, and call the dog. The handler may use encouragement to get handler. The handler will walk 10 feet from the dog, turn to face the This test demonstrates that the dog will come when called by the "wait," or they may simply walk away, giving no instructions to the or

TEST 8: REACTION TO ANOTHER DOG

pleasantries, and continue on for about 5 yards. The dogs should show no more than a casual interest in each other. distance of about 10 yards, stop, shake hands and exchange dogs. Two handlers and their dogs approach each other from a This test demonstrates that the dog can behave politely around other

TEST 9: REACTIONS TO DISTRACTIONS

show aggressiveness or bark. appear slightly startled, but should not panic, try to run away dropping of a large book or a jogger running in front of the dog when faced with common distracting situations, such as the The dog may express a natural interest and curiosity and/or This test demonstrates that the dog is confident at all times

food on the ground (placed within a distance of three feet) and upon command, the dog should ignore the food. (Please note dog visits.) TDI does not permit the use of food/treats during actual therapy LEAVE-IT: The handler with the dog on a loose leash walks pass

gait, shuffling, breathing heavily, coughing, wheezing or other confidence when exposed to people walking with an uneven distractions which may be encountered in a facility. ACCUMATION TO INFIRMITIES: This test demonstrates the dog's

TEST 10: SUPERVISED SEPARATION

minutes. The dog does not have to stay in position but should anything stronger than mild agitation or nervousness not continually bark, whine, or pace unnecessarily, or show the dog's leash. The owner will go out of sight for three "Would you like me to watch your dog?" and then take hold of manners. Evaluators are encouraged to say something like, person, if necessary, and will maintain its training and good This test demonstrates that a dog can be left with a trusted

TEST 11: SAY HELLO

a chair or stand close to the patient to be easily reached.) accessible for petting (i.e., small dogs can be placed on a person's lap or can be held, medium and larger dogs can sit on dog to visit a person and that the dog can be made readily The TDI Certified Evaluator will test the willingness of each

at the testing site. Any negative reaction by the dog will result in direct contact. This means the dog can only be observed for a testing the potential therapy dog and the children are not in must be evaluated during testing. It is important that during the automatic failure. Negative reaction means a dog showing signs reaction toward children playing, running or in general present tions, including children. The dog's behavior around children The dog must be able to work well around all types of popula-

**Please see additional rules for TDI Testing on back cover.